



A WARFIGHTING PARTNERSHIP

SINGLE PROCESS OWNER



AND OUR INDUSTRY PARTNERS

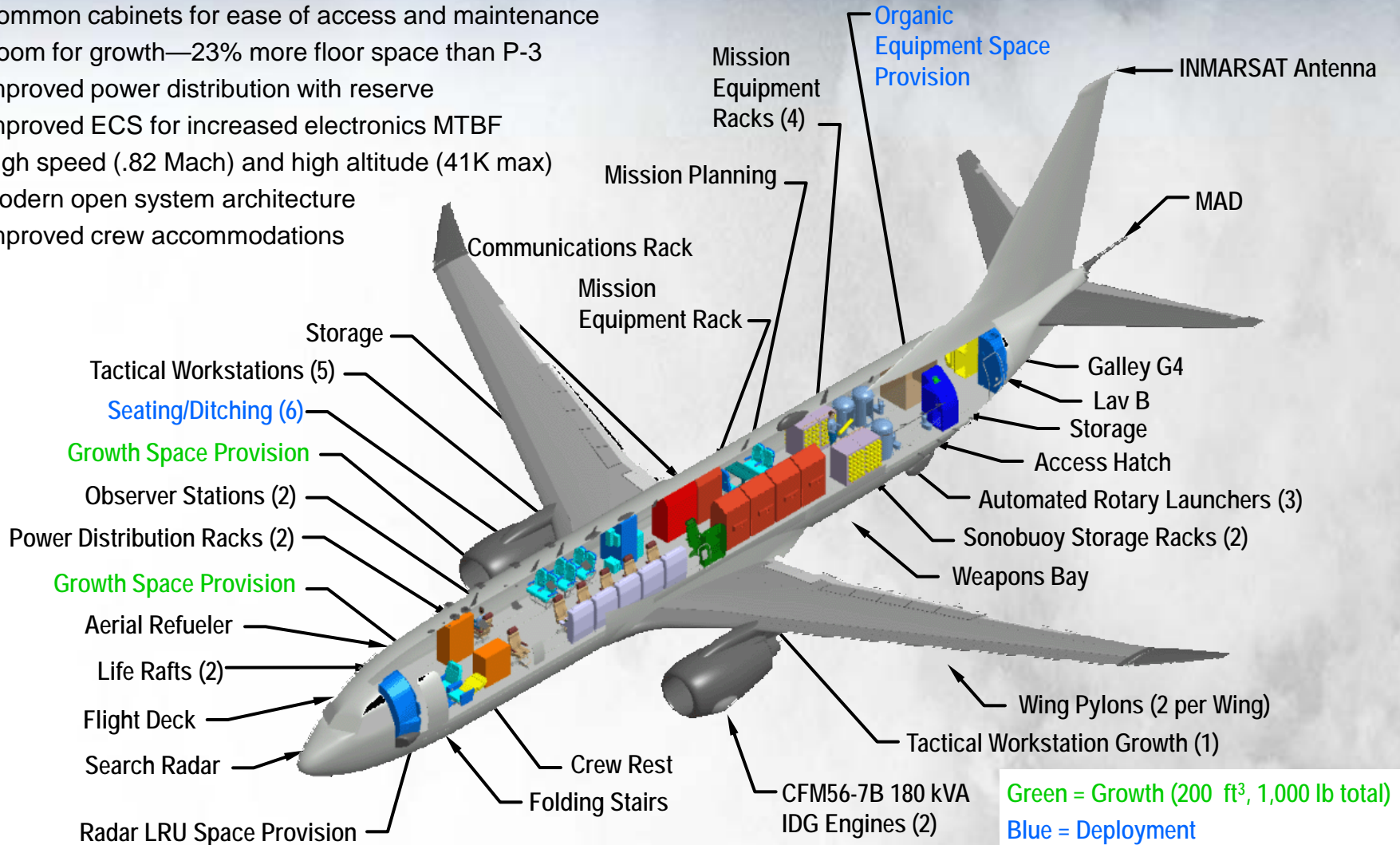
SINGLE FLEET DRIVEN MEASURE OF SUCCESS:

AIRCRAFT AND CARRIERS READY FOR TASKING AT REDUCED COST



P-8A MMA Configuration

- Common cabinets for ease of access and maintenance
- Room for growth—23% more floor space than P-3
- Improved power distribution with reserve
- Improved ECS for increased electronics MTBF
- High speed (.82 Mach) and high altitude (41K max)
- Modern open system architecture
- Improved crew accommodations





P-8A MMA Acquisition Snapshot

FY00-02: CE



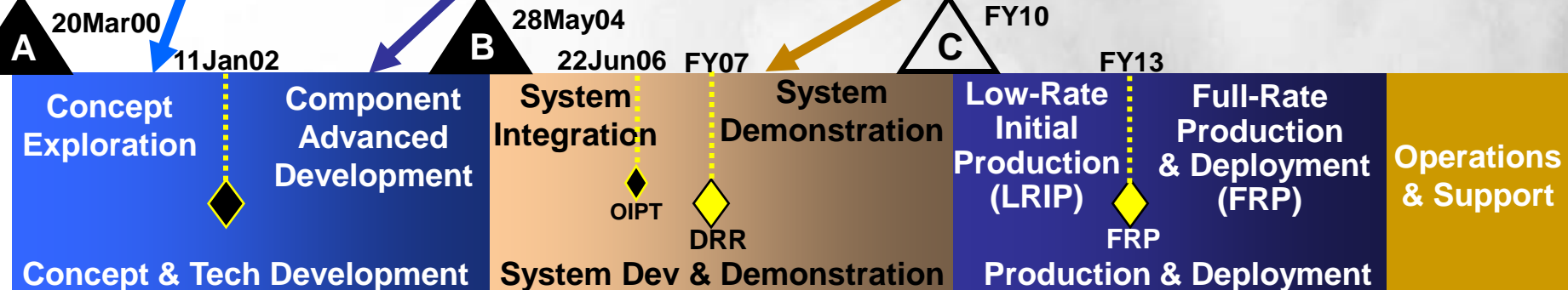
BAMS-UAS
&
Global Hawk
Maritime Demo

FY02-04: CAD

- Multiple contracts awarded for MMA system
 - Defined MMA system architecture
 - Thorough risk analysis
 - Validated Operational Requirements Document (ORD)
 - Detailed cost analysis

FY04-13: SDD

- Boeing contract award 14Jun04
- Fleet involvement thru FIT & ITT
- 7 flight test aircraft
- Total planned inventory – 108

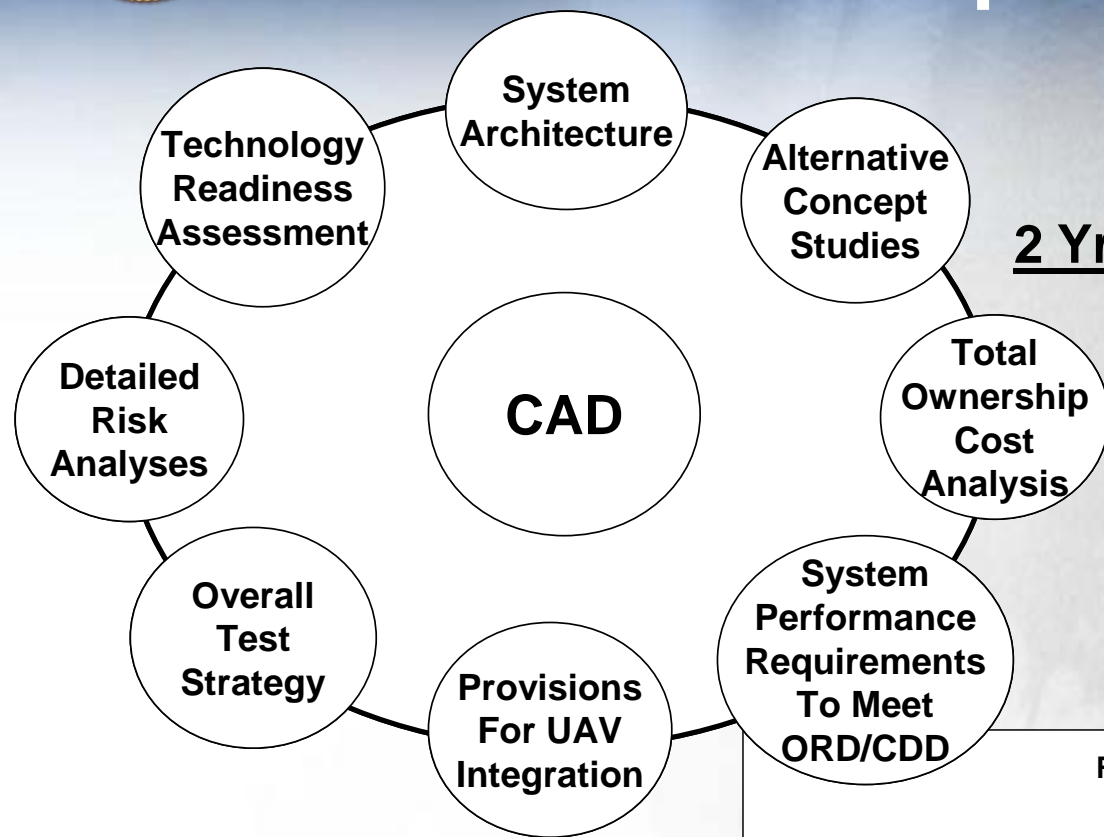


P-8A Spiral ONE

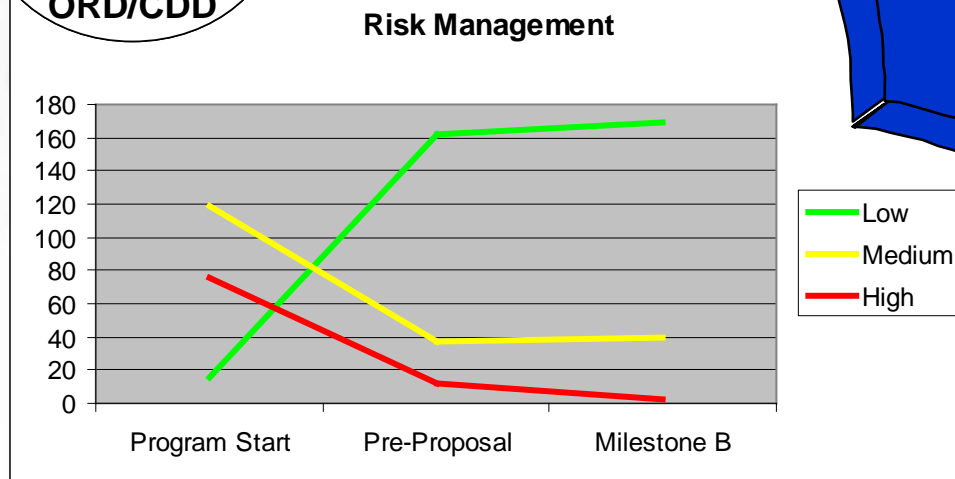




Component Advanced Development



2 Yr Risk Reduction Effort





Key Lessons Learned

- Lack of adequate program maturity at MS B
 - Ill defined requirements
 - Lack of robust requirements management
 - Risky technical approach
- Failure to involve independent technical community at program initiation
- Lack of early independent cost analysis (AIR-4.2) in POM/PR
 - Ill defined CARD
 - O&S costs not well understood
 - Failure to budget for long lead items
 - Test program correction of deficiencies not adequately planned for
- Lack of technical insight & risk management process
 - Lack of automated SE tools
 - Inadequate use of metrics
 - Lack of appropriate technical expertise
- Government acting as integrator by default
- Inadequate program technical staff and future staffing plans
- Lack of horizontal/vertical SE integration (i.e., Battlespace Engineering, Aviation/Ship integration)
- Overly optimistic Acq/PM strategy/schedule
- Comprehensive use of EVM and TPMs



Back-Up



DAU Program Start-up Workshop

- Set the foundation for SDD success
- Many DoD programs struggle or fail due in part to:
 - Lack of common Vision and plan for success
 - Lack of supportive environment
 - Disagreements over program baseline
- Foster sense of trust, teaming, and honest discussions
- Produced useful Workshop products
- Educated Industry on Govt's Warfighter Requirements
- Educated Government on Industry "Best Practices"

Key Accomplishment: Taking the time to have Navy and Boeing Team Lead counterparts sit down with one-another in a relaxed forum to discuss broad based and team focused challenges.



P-8A MMA Manufacturing Flow

Spirit AeroSystems
Wichita, Kansas
MMA Fuselage

Boeing Commercial Airplanes
Renton, Washington
MMA wings, empennage, aircraft assembly,
engine installations

Boeing Integrated Defense Systems
Seattle, Washington
Mission systems/I&CO

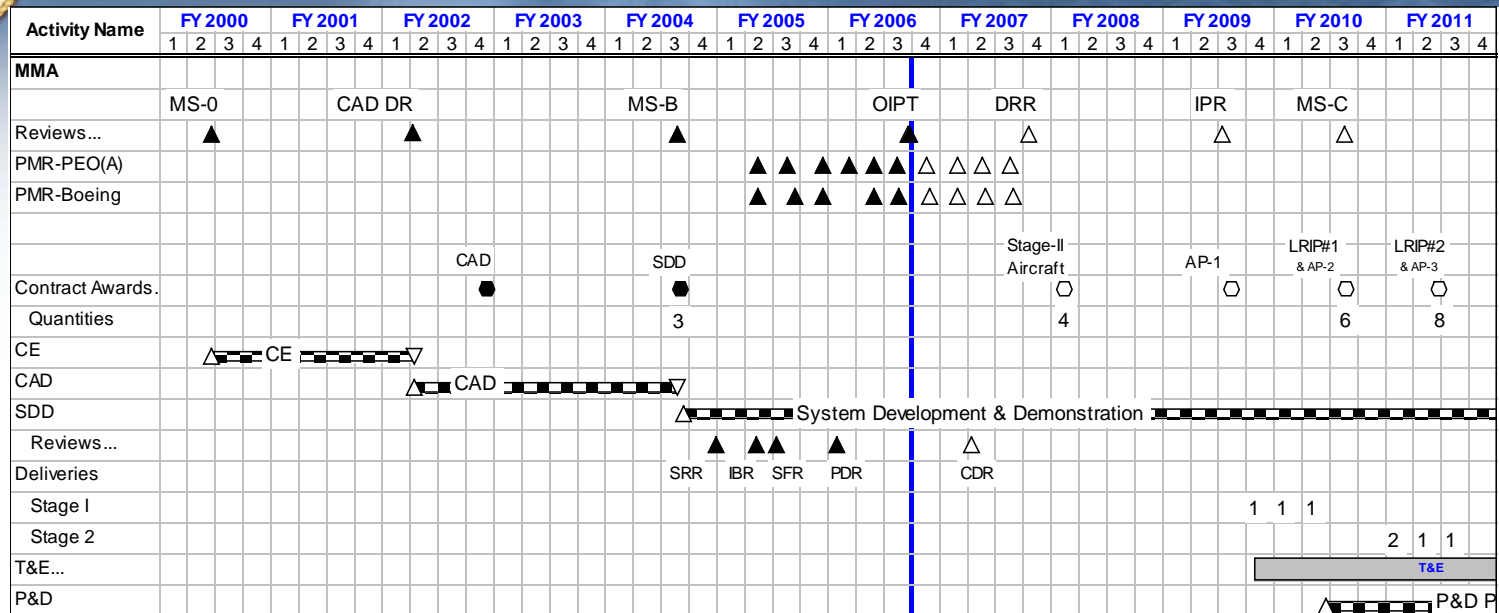


SDD and Production





P-8A MMA Acquisition Strategy



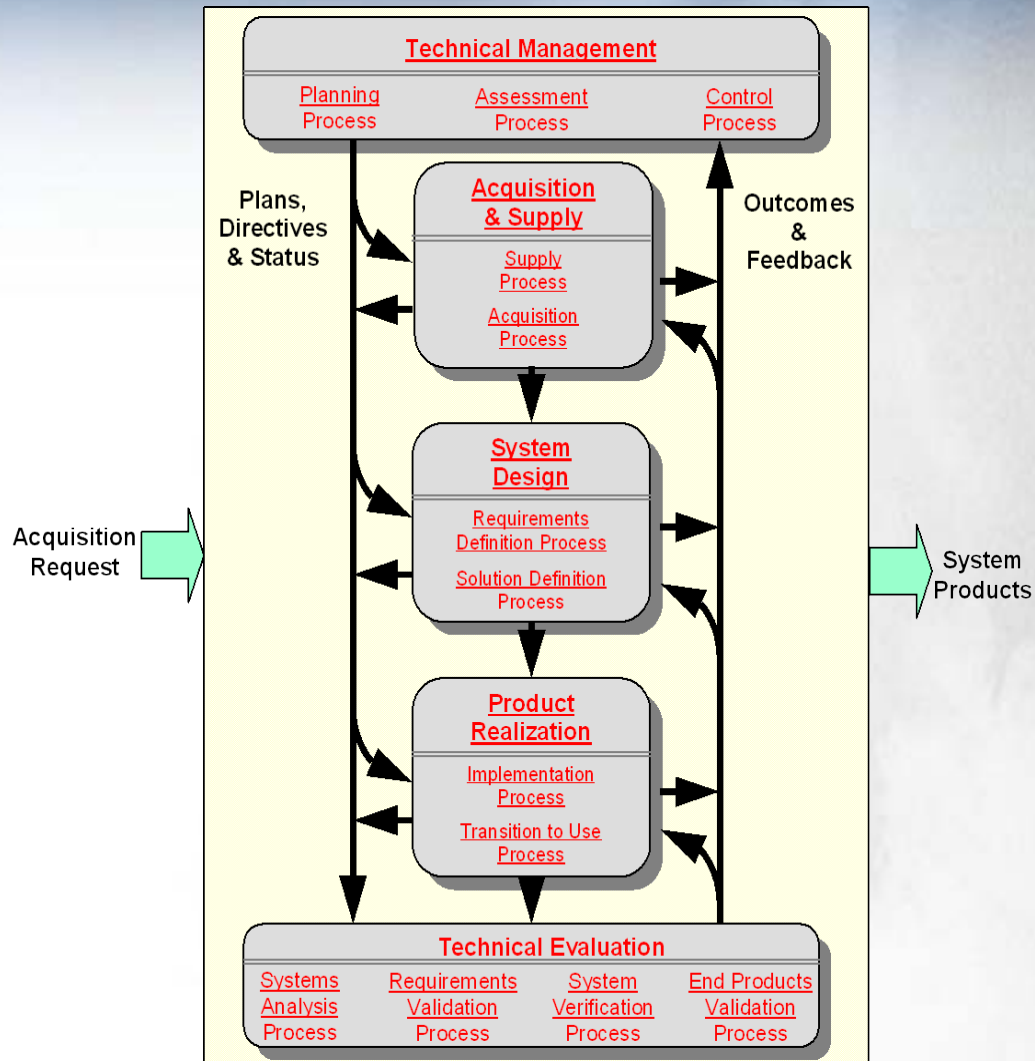
- Structured on an evolutionary systems replacement approach
 - Established sound program foundation based on an iterative requirements definition process with warfighters and industry, thorough risk analysis of competing concepts, and detailed cost analysis of evolving concepts
 - Provides a transformational product in minimal time to users while promoting evolutionary growth in capabilities through spiral development
- Defined in a capstone document that summarizes individual statutory and regulatory plans in order to communicate to leadership the total discipline approach to acquiring a system that recapitalizes the capabilities now provided by the P-3C



Systems Engineering Process Rigor



Naval Systems Engineering Process



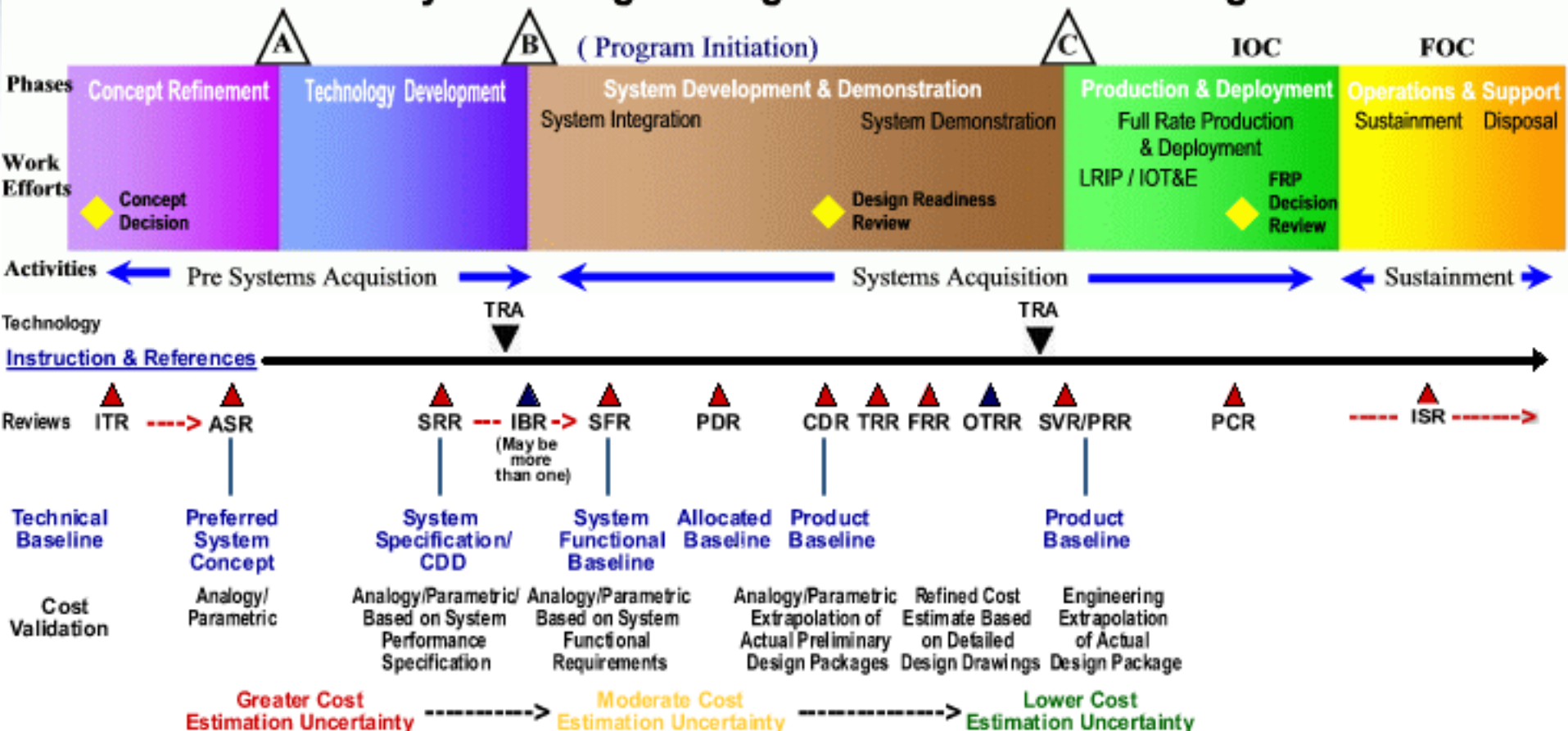
- Documented in Naval Systems Engineering Guide
- Uses Industry Standard EIA-632 as a framework, but incorporates elements of MIL-STD-499B, IEEE-1220, ISO15288
- Identifies 13 Processes and 33 Sub-processes for engineering a system
- Provides information regarding inputs, outputs, entry criteria, exit criteria, references, agents, tools and methods that Navy engineering teams may use to accomplish each Sub-process.



Technical Review Timeline

Version 1.5
3/22/2005

Systems Engineering Technical Review Timing



- ▼ Technology Readiness Assessment
- ▲ Technical Reviews
- ▲ Program Reviews

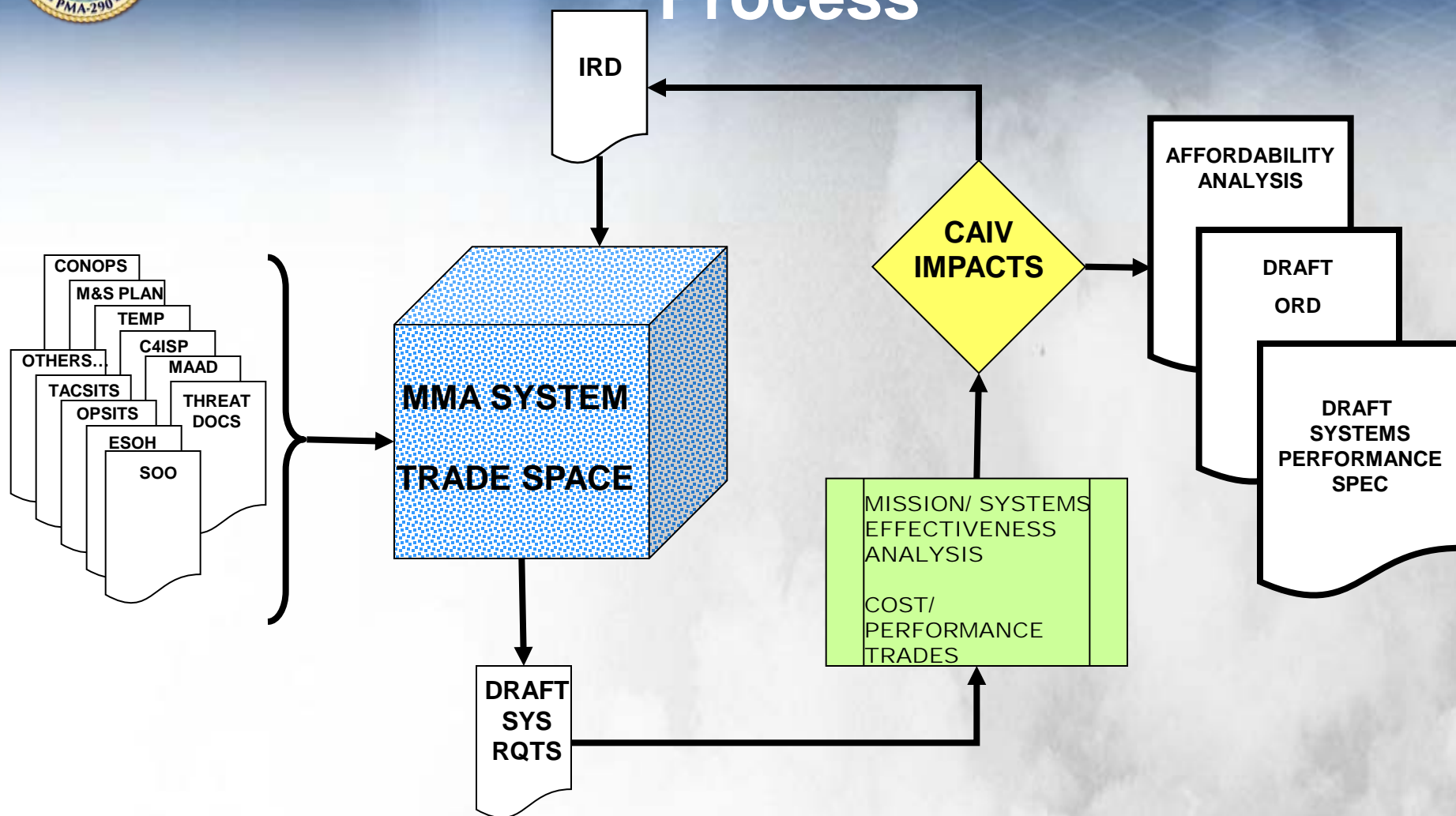
ITR - Initial Technical Review
ASR - Alternative System Review
SRR - Systems Requirements Review
IBR - Integrated Baseline Review
SFR - System Functional Review

PDR - Preliminary Design Review
CDR - Critical Design Review
TRR - Test Readiness Review
FRR - Flight Readiness Review
OTRR - Operational Test Readiness Review

SVR - System Verification Review
PRR - Product Readiness Review
PCR - Physical Configuration Review
ISR - In Service Review



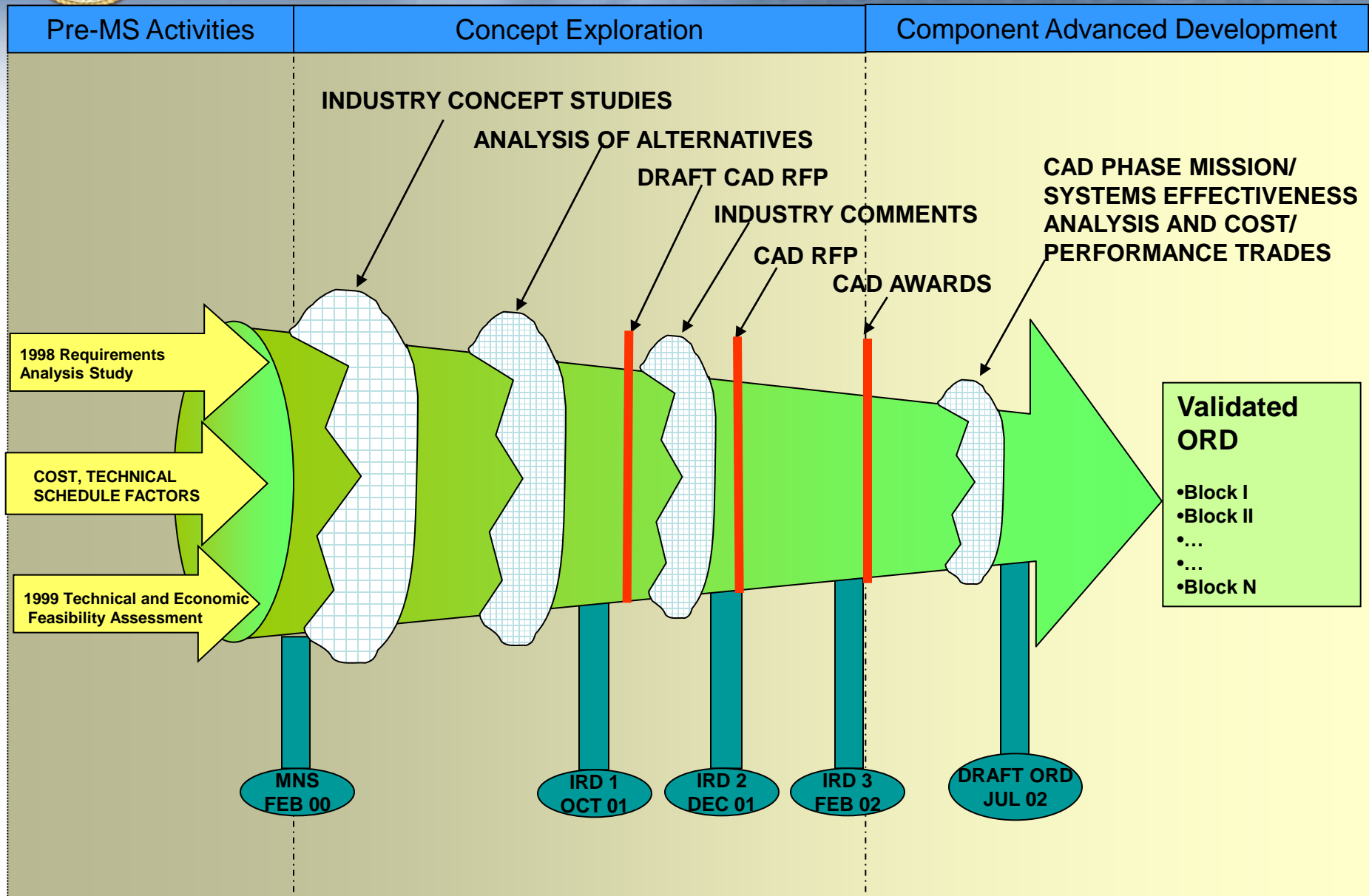
Component Advanced Development Process



Integration of Requirements Refinement, Concept Definition, and Cost Analysis



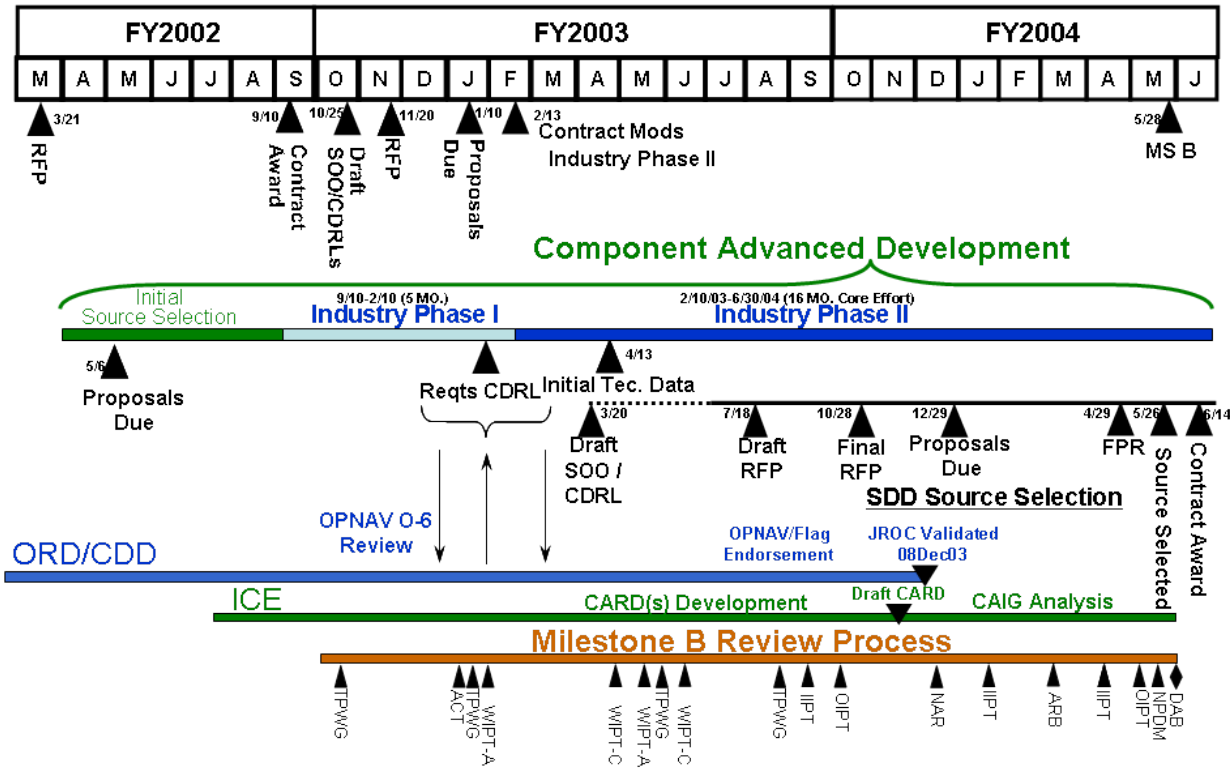
P-8A MMA Requirements Evolution





CAD Phase Takeaways

Schedule to Milestone B



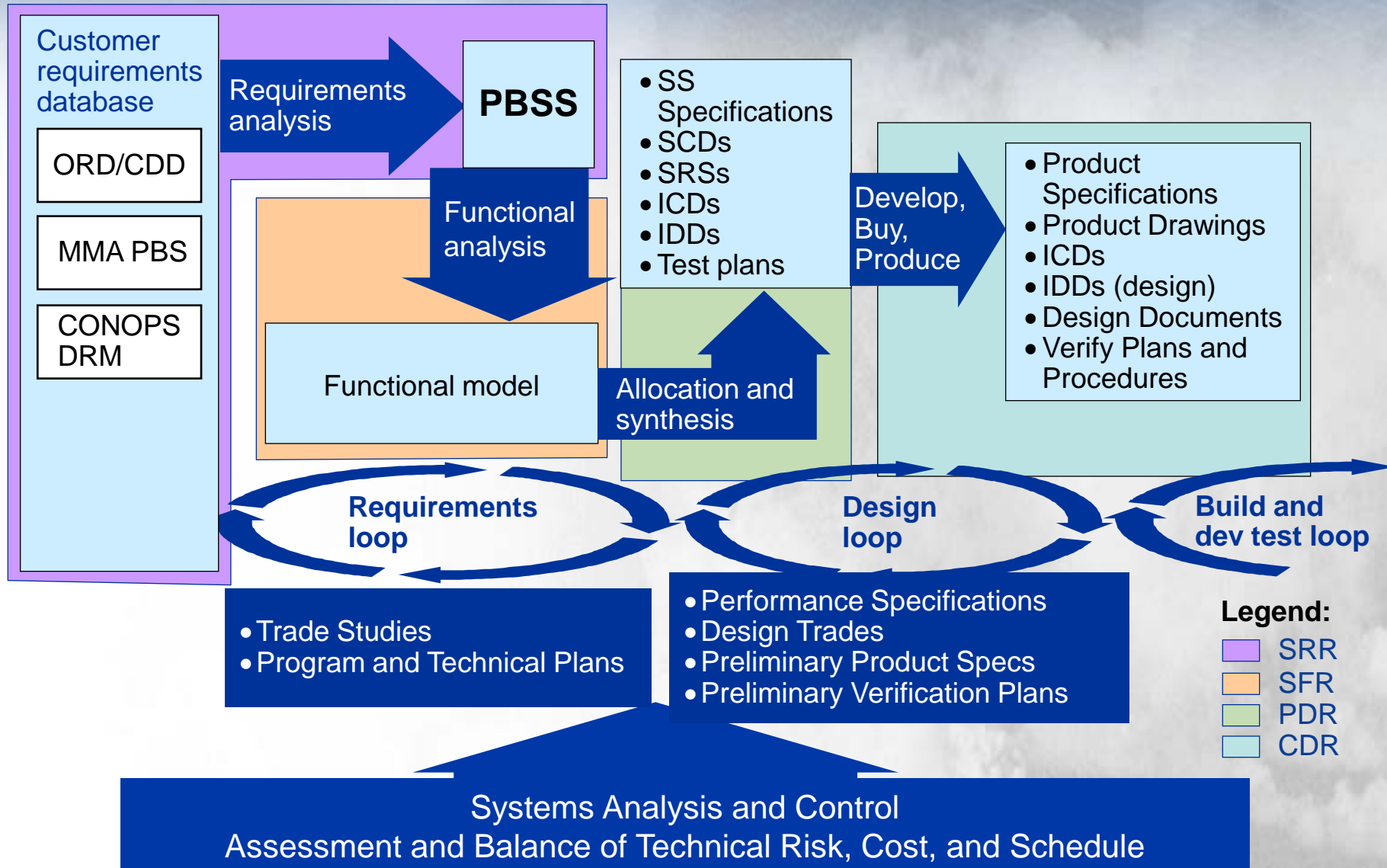
Road to Milestone B:

- Source Selection for SDD
- Concept Development and Risk analysis/reduction
- Requirements definition, refinement, & validation (Pre-MS B SRRs w/each competitor)
- Concept Cost Analysis

Effective integration of discrete activities, orchestrated to execute in a concurrent, effective manner

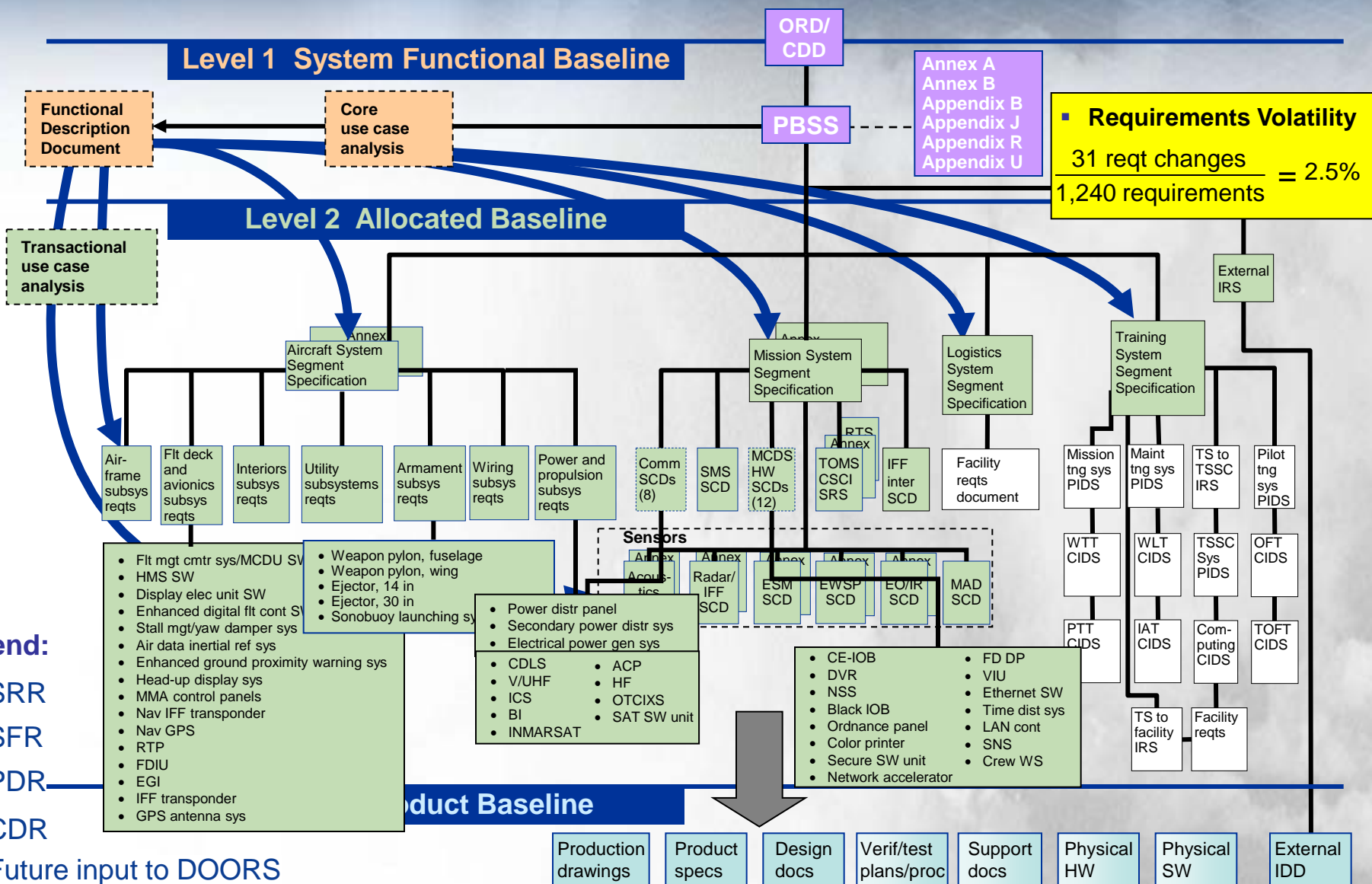


SDD Systems Engineering Process and Major Products





P-8A MMA System Preliminary Design Baseline Specification Tree (CI/CSCI) in DOORS





Key Processes

- Systems Engineering Plans and Process (SEP and SEMP)
- Configuration Management Process
- Technology Readiness Assessment (TRA) Process
- Trade Study Process
- Risk and Opportunity Management Process
- Technical Performance Measures (TPMs) Process
- Human Systems Integration Plan
- Electromagnetic Environmental Effects (EEE) Plans
- Contractor Logistics Support (CLS) Plan
- System Security Plans
- System Safety Plans
- Interface Control and Interface Management Plans
- Producibility
- Quality System Plan



Technology Readiness Assessment

- Conducted during CAD
 - Independent assessment panel consisting of members from the Naval Air Systems Command (NAVAIR), Office of Naval Research (ONR), and academia (John Hopkins University Applied Physics Laboratory (JHU-APL)).
- TRA identified four Critical Technology Elements (CTEs) through a comprehensive review of the MMA program work breakdown structure (WBS) reflecting the Boeing CAD phase configuration baseline prior to SDD source selection
 1. Integrated Sonobuoy Launcher System
 2. Electronic Support Measures (ESM) system
 3. Data Fusion
 4. Acoustics Subsystem
- None of the P-8A CTE impact ability to meet program Key Performance Parameters (KPP)



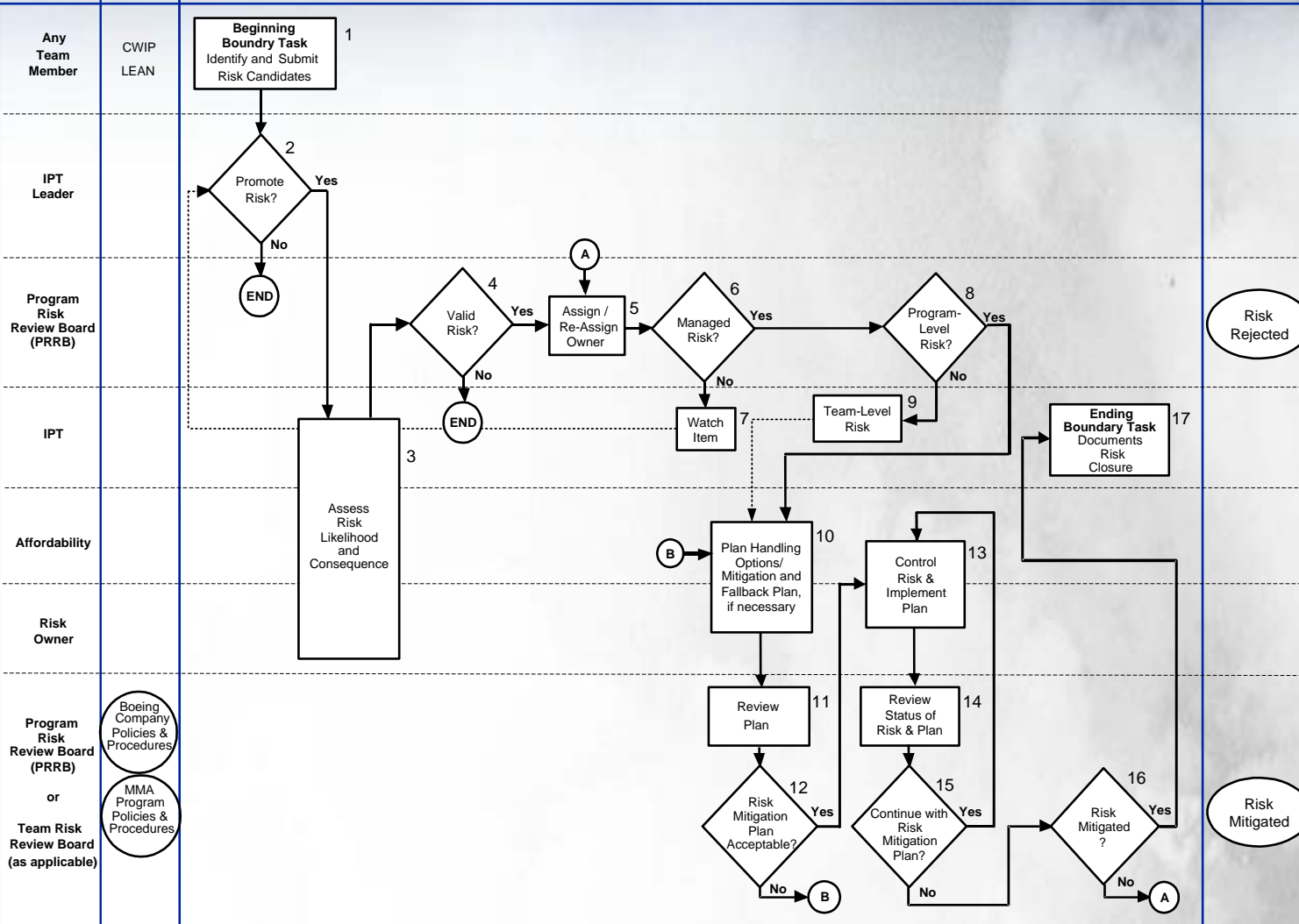
Risk Management Process

Who
Responsible
Function or
Individual

Input

Major Process Tasks for: Risk Management
Process Owner: MMA Program Management

Output



LEGEND

Start or End

Task

Decision

Connector

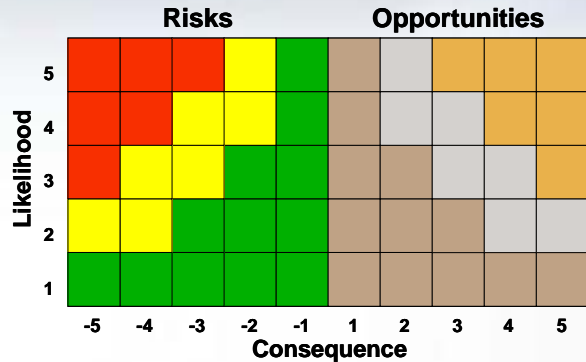
Quality Record

- Fully integrated RMB with Industry
- Definition and implementation of process
- Facilitated by Boeing IDE






Opportunity Management






The Sister of Risk



Opportunities

-  **HIGH** (Gold) - Major benefit likely. Priority management attention required.
-  **MEDIUM** (Silver) - Some benefit. Additional management attention may be required.
-  **LOW** (Bronze) - Minimum benefit. Minimum oversight needed to pursue opportunity.

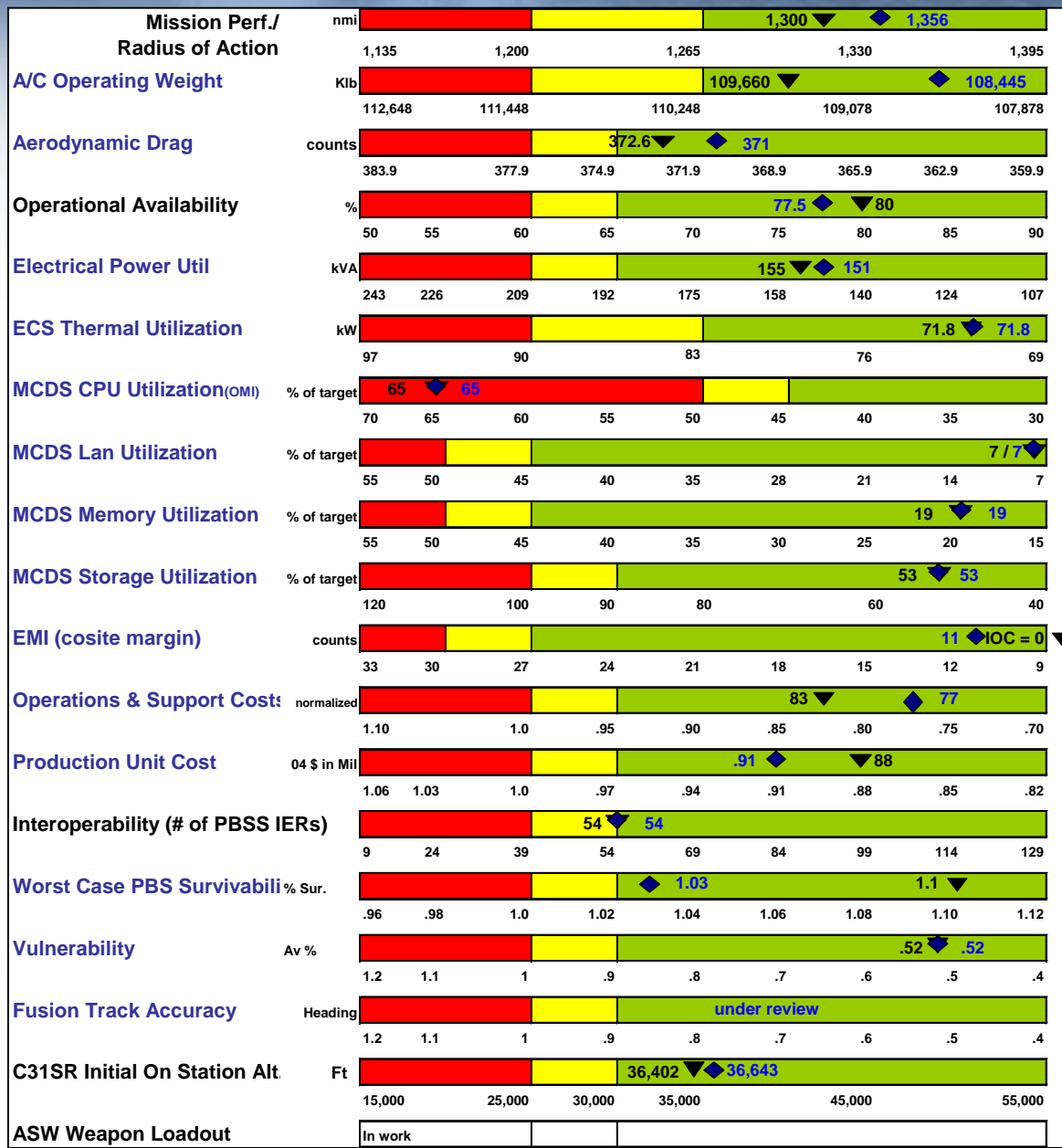
OPPORTUNITY

-  **IDENTIFY Opportunity**
-  **ASSESS**
 - Likelihood & Consequence
 - 5x5 **Opportunity** Assessment Matrix
-  **PLAN**
 - Capture, Transfer, Ignore, or Pursue the **Opportunity**
 - Establish **Opportunity** events, Responsibilities and Schedules
-  **CONTROL**
 - Monitor Actions, Correct Deviations, and Re-plan as Appropriate
 - Promote or Demote **Opportunity** as Appropriate
-  **COMMUNICATE**
 - Populate Database, Keep it Current, and Make it Accessible to All



TPMs

(Status as of 14Jul06)



KPPs

Range

Ao

Interop

Alt

ASW wt



SRR Lessons Learned

- Joint team attitude to address issues openly and overtly and proactively run actions to ground as a high priority during and after review will continue to serve program well. Critique acceptance and addressal will assist in successful execution and maintains credibility
- System Specification had moderate instability post-SRR due to Segment SRRs and the decomposition and allocation of requirements as the functional baseline was established (expected in the SE iterative loop, level of System Spec stability a good indicator of solid CAD phase and SRR)
- A robust requirements management tool (i.e., DOORS) with clear, clean links from top-level (CDD/Performance) requirements down through all levels of the specification tree to detailed requirements (at PDR/CDR) is essential



SFR Lessons Learned

- Derived Mission Functions and associated architectural flow needs to be kept alive under change control as a living part of the design baseline
- Functions and associated allocations must be used by product teams to identify and reconcile gaps in requirements
- Product team System Use Cases and associated functions must be linked to Transactional Mission Use Cases to identify and reconcile functional gaps (Software functional areas in particular)
- Trade Studies and Design Changes must consider the specification tree from top to bottom including the linked functions (DOORS extracts used at CCBs)
- SFR preparation improved intra and cross team communication
- SFR preparation led to customer 'buy in' on technical approach and maturity
- SFR preparation led to an exponential increase in the number of System Level Requirements experts, and Mission Usage experts



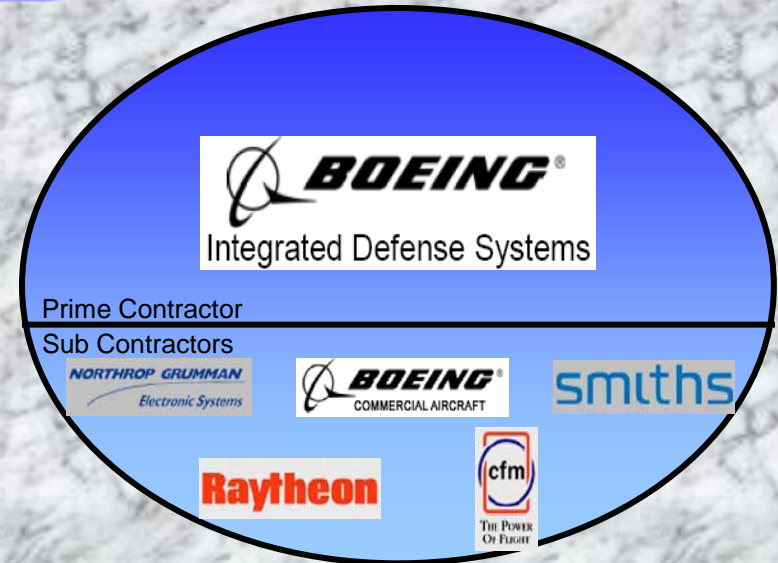
PDR Lessons Learned

- EVM implementation and team utilization is a continual study and refinement process to ensure proper CAM focus and Team Lead expectations are understood
- IDE is a productivity multiplier for team communications and insight into program status
- Value of design reviews is the build up and incremental review preparation process leading to the early identification of risks and issues to program execution
- Government teams expend considerable energy working processes and communications with the Prime contractor; the same needs to occur between the Prime and subcontractors
- Efficient budget execution is the best defense for budget development and prioritization



A Quality Team

SDD



**A Rock Solid Foundation
Of Respect and Trust
Firmly Supporting an Environment
Of Common Goals**



Transition into SDD

- Contract award – 14 June 2004
 - Required completion of Source Selection prior to Milestone B
 - Approval from MDA to enter SDD through the Milestone B DAB
 - Approval of Acquisition Strategy
 - Determination of fully funded program based on CAIG assessment
 - Approval of Acquisition Program Baseline
- Teaming with Industry – Program Start-up Workshop

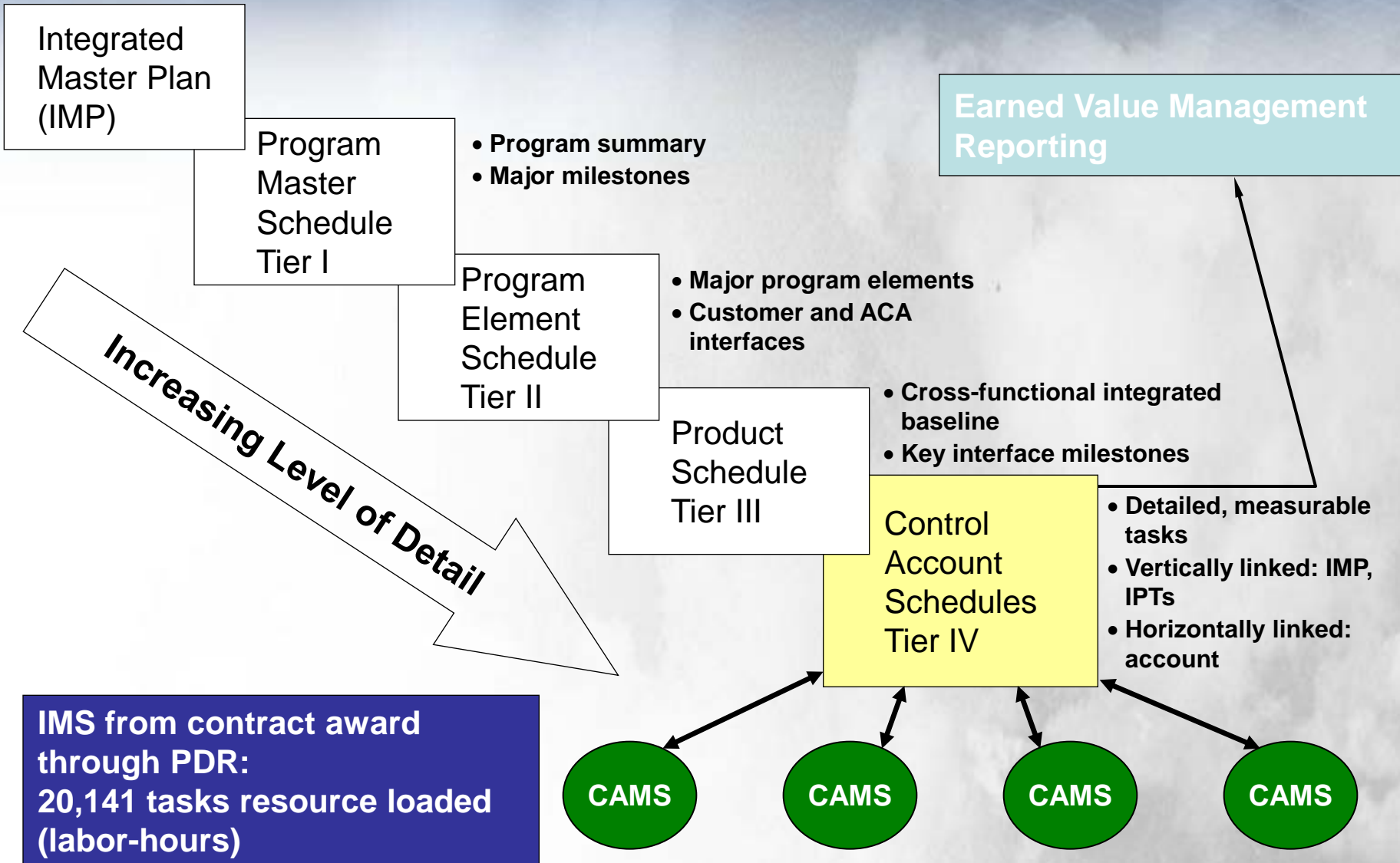


Program Best Practices for SDD

- Management by Metrics
 - Risk Management Process
 - Opportunity Management
 - Technical Performance Measurement
 - Earned Value Management



Earned Value Management Reporting Via Tier IV IMS





Integrated Baseline Review

Purpose – Achieve mutual understanding of baseline plan and relationship to underlying EVMS and processes during contract execution

Objectives –

- Evaluate the performance measurement baseline to ensure:
 - Entire technical scope of work captured
 - Sufficient contract budget and schedule
 - Budget properly allocated at the right level
 - Resources adequately assigned
 - Proper implementation of management processes
- Gain insight into cost and schedule risk areas associated with contract
- Develop confidence in the program's operating plans